SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 9, 1865.

Mails to China and Japan. The only response to the call of the Postmaster-General for mail service between San Francisco and China, Sandwich via Islands, authorized by Act approved February 17, 1865, came from the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and was accepted by the Department. The compensation therefor is \$500,000 per annum for the performance of twelve round trips between San Francisco and Hong Kong (China), touching at Honolulu, in the Sandwich Islands, and Kanagawa, in Japan. The company are to build for the service four firstclass American side-wheel steamships, of from 3500 to 4000 tons burdens each, Government measurement, to be constructed of the best materials and after the most approved model, with all the modern improvements adapted to sea-going steamships of the first class. The first steamer to leave San Francisco with the mails for Japan and China on or before the first of January, 1867, and the term of contract to be ten years from date of sailing of first steamer from the port.

and the term of contract to be ten years from date of sailing of first steamer from the port.

This is one of the most important events of the day, and inaugurates a new era in the commerce of our country. With this line of steamships regularly established, and the completion of the Pacific railway, which will now become an absolute necessity, we become the masters of commerce, and New York becomes the great commercial emporium of the world. Foreseeing these results as accruing from the establishment of such a line of steamships as was contracted for to-day, Postmaster-General Dennison, in his report to Congress last winter, suggested its importance, and an act was thoreupon passed authorizing the Postmaster-General Dennison, in his great enterprise, the Postmaster-General says:

"There are other ocean routes besides the one to Brazil, which can be safely and profitably occupied by American lines of mail steamers; among which the route between San Francisco, Japan and Chifia, at present unoccupied by foreign mail packets is, perhaps, the most important in a commercial point of view, and may be made available in securing to us a large participation in the commerce of the East, the greater portion of which is now enjoyed by Great Britain through her mail steamship connections via Suez in the Indian Ocean and China Seas. The central position of the United States between Eastern Asia and Western Europe, affording routes but little longer, if any, than those now traversed between these distant regions, aided by the superior expedition of railway transportation between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, will furnish such facilities as will make their adoption a practical necessity for the commercial intercourse between Europe and the populous countries of Eastern Asia.

"These considerations, and others which will readily suggest themselves, render it important that the Pacific routes, properly belonging to us, should be occupied by American mail steamers, the profits of which, with the addition of a small subsidy for

[Dr. Keyser is a physician of over thirty years, experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College and of the University of Medicine and Surgery of Philadelphia.]

Surgery of Philadelphia.]

Mr. H. T. Helmbold—Dear Sir: In regard to the question asked me as to my opinion about Buchu, I would say that I have used and sold the article in various forms for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it I have not used or known to be used, in the various diseases where such medicate agent would be indicated. You are aware, as well as myself, that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and the reputation it has acquired in my judgment is war-

ous diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and the reputation it has acquired in my judgment is warranted by the facts.

I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of Buchu—the powdered leaves, the simple decoction, tincture, fluid extracts,—and I am not cognizant of any preparation of that plant at all equal to yours. Twelve years' experience ought, I think, to give me the right to judge of its merits, and without prejudice or partiality I give yours precedence over all others. I do not value a thing according to its bulk; if I did other Buchus would out-do yours; but I hold to the dectrine that bulk and quantity do not make up value—if they did a copper cent would be worth more than a gold dollar.

I value your Buchu for its effect on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more

I value your Buchu for its effect on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I have ever seen cured with any other Buchu, or any other proprietary compound of whatever name.

Respectfully yours, &c.,

GEO. H. KEYSER,

No. 140 Wood-street, Pittsburg, Pa.

August 11, 1865.

August 11, 1865.

August 11, 1865.

Serious Stabeing Affray in Mobile.—Yesterday morning, in the office of the Battle House, Mobile, Colonel Charles Forsyth, son of the Mayor of Mobile, stabbed and cut Signor De Veyga, formerly of General Maury's staff. The assault occurred in this wise: Forsyth accused De Veyga of aeducing his (Forsyth's) wife, whereupon De Veyga slapped Forsyth in the face, when Forsyth stabbed and cut De Veyga so severely that he is stabled and cut De Veyga so severoly that he is not expected to recover. Mr. De Veyga is a native and citizen of Havana. He served for some time, however, on the staff of Major-General Maury while that officer was in command of Mobile. He had just returned from Havana.—Mobile News.

The New York Post, in referring to the Greeley-Weed controversy, is not delicate in its comparisons. It says, "two stout and frowzy viragos abusing each other in the street, do not make a delectable sight for respectable men or women; indeed, the spectacle is one to make a decent man blush that he belongs to the same species with thom. Yet the flaming eyes, the nasty words, the matted locks and ragged clothing, the whole aspect of rage and fury have a charm for the more brutal part of mankind, who cry on the combatants, and are the more delighted the fiercer their rage and the more damaging their blows. "The sutlers and camp-followers of Grant's army might as well claim to have led it, as these fellows claim to have led the nation. They marched with it—that is true—but they often grumbled at the General, and their chief occupation was to pick up the crumbs that were dropped by the fighting men."

Rhode Island boasts a squash vine sixty feet long and growing.

PORT CALENDAR.

	SEPTEMBER.				
DAYS.		nmrs.	N. BETR.	BOON BETS.	WATER
4	Monday	538	619	425	626
6	Tuesday Wednesday.	538	618	M. rises.	716 88
4	Thursday Friday	540	615	749	846
0	Saturday	541	614	921	932
oj	Sunday	542	611	1010	1113

Consiguees per South Carolina Railroad, Sept. 8.

F82 bales Cotton, lot of Paper, 107 bales Domestics. To Chas Bolt, W S McCoy, Geo W Williams & Co, TS Hey-ward & Sons, Mr Bomar, Gibbons & Co. Adams, Frost & Co, G A Hopley & Co, B F Moise, J Campsen, T Street, Meyer, and F W Clausen.

Exports.

NEW YORK—Schr Flying Scud—17 bales Sea Island and 172 bales Upland Cotton, and 2 boxes Tobacco. BOSTON—Schr Franklin—47 bales Upland Cotton, 2 tierces Rice, 30 tors Old Iron and Rags, and 74 empty Kegs and 5 Packages.

MARINE NEWS. PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Cleared Yesterday. Schr Flying Scud (of Ballimore), McNamar, New York-Styles & Carter. Schr Franklin, Connery, Boston—G W Clark & Co.

Went to Sea Yesterday. |Serr. 8. Steamship Karnak, Thrane, New York. Schr Franklin, Connery, Boston. Steamer Ann Maria, Fish, Hilton Head.

Meworanda. The bark Sarah Payson, Dakin, was loading at Bristol Eng), for this port, August 18,

P. H. KEGLER,

BRANDIES, WINES & WHISKIES,

GENERAL AGENT

PHILADELPHIA STOCK ALES 173 East Bay.

PUGHE'S AUGUSTA DIRECTORY

ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

THE UNERSIGNED WILL PUBLISH, AS SOON AS practicable, a DIRECTORY OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA, GA. It will contain the Names, Residences and Places of Business of every person for several miles around Augusta, and will also include Hamburg. S. C.

As an Appendix, there will be a BUSINESS DIRECTORY, in which will be found every branch of Business, Profession of Trade in the city, alphabetically arranged and classified under their appropriate headings.

As the Directory will have an extensive circulation in this State, as well as South Caroline, it will afford the best possible medium for Advertisers extending their business notices.

The Directory will be printed on fine white paper, and neatly bound in stiff covers. It will contain a magnificent Colored Map of the State of Georgia.

Advertisements will be beautifully and conspicuously displayed with New Type ordered expressly for the Directory.

Each advertiser will be entitled to a copy of the Directory grafts.

Each advertises who have the control of the control

THE WHITE MAN'S PAPER.

THE NEW YORK DAY-BOOK

A FIRST CLASS WEEKLY PAPER, IN FAVOR OF THE CONSTITUTION AS IT IS, AND THE UNION AS IT WAS.

437 THE DAY-BOOK is not reprinted from a daily, but is made up expressly for weekly circulation, with a careful summary of the News from all the States, and all parts of the world, with Market Reports, Agriculture, Finance, Literature, &c., &c.

TERMS—CASH IN ADVANCE.

One convene year.

August 17

agents.
Address, giving postoffice, county and State in full,
VAN EVRIE. HORTON & CO.,
No. 162 Nassen-street, New York.
AP-FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS DEALERS IN CITIES
AND TOWNS.
September 7

THE NEW YORK NEWS,

THE NEW YORK NEWS,

DAILY AND WEEKLY—THE NEW YORK WIEKLY NEWS, a great Family Newspaper—Benjamin Wood, Proprietor. A Journal of Politics, Literature, Fashions, Market and Financial Reports. Interesting Miscellany, and News from all parts of the world! It contains more reading matter than any other weekly paper. New improvements introduced—an immense circulation determined on—the largest, best and cheapest paper published in New York. Single copies, 5 cents; one copy, one year, \$25: three copies, one year, \$5.50; five copies, one year, \$5.50; five copies, one year, \$30. The Weekly News is sent to clergymen at \$1.60. New York Daily News—to mall subscribers, \$10 per annum; six months, \$5. For sale by all newsdealers. Specimen copies of Daily and Weekly News sent free. Address BENJ, WOOD, Daily News Building, No. 19 City Hall Square, New York City.

September 2

${f HELMBOLD}$ 'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR WEAKNESS ARISING FROM INDISCRETION. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Waketulness, Horror of Discase, or Forchodings of Ewil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the sid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HeLMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

In affections peculiar to "FEMALES," is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus; and all com-plaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudence in, or the decline or change in life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

In all Diseases of these organs, whether existing in "Male" or "Female," from whatever cause originating, and no matter how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Hark or Iron.

These suffering from Broken down or Delicate Constitu-

Ances sunering from Broken down or Delicate Constitu-tions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his Bodily Health, Mental Powers, and Happiness.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases, arising from an impure state of the
blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy
for the cure of Serofnia, Scald Head, Sait Rheum, Pains
and Swellings of the Bones, Ulceration of the Throat and
Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas,
and all scaly erruptions of the skin.

AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Not a few of the worst disorders that effect mankind
arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood.
Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it
out, none can equal in effect HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND
EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It
stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels
the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood, Such
a remedy that could be relied on, has long been sought
for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on
which they can depend. Our space here does not admit
of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single
bottle will show the sick that it has virtues surpassing
anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonfuls of the Extract of Sarasparilla added
to a pint of water is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and
one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of
Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

**THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED
TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are also
in very general use in all the State HOSPITALS and
PUBLIC SANITARY INSTITUTIONS throughout the
land, as well as in private practice, and are considered
as invaluable remedies.

See Medical Propertice of Buchu,
FROM DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
See Professor Dewee's valuable works on the Practice
of Physician and Member of the Royal College of
Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of
the King and Queen's Journal.

See Medico 'Miruryical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVER

HELMBOLD'S

DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
September 7 Imo No. 694 DROADWAY.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!

RE-OPENING OF THE TRADE IN CHARLESTON

IMMENSE ATTRACTION AT THE WHOLESALE SHOE HOUSE,

No. 133 MEETING-STREET,

ESTABLISHED IN 1836,

IS NOW RE-OPENEDAFTER A SUSPENSION OF FOUR YEARS, WITH GREATER FACILITIES

THE PROPRIETOR NOW OFFERS FOR SALE

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, &c., &c.

AT WHOLESALEONLY, AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE QUOTATIONS, AND RECEIVING IM-MENSE CONSIGNMENTS SEMI-WEEKLY FROM THE LARGEST AND MOST RELIABLE MANU-

THE PROPRIETOR TAKES PLEASURE IN CALLING THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE, THE LOCAL MERCHANTS OF THE STATES OF GEORGIA, TENNESSEE, ALABAMA AND FLORIDA. TO

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TRUNKS, ETC., ETC.

ORDERS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. EDWARD DALY,

AGENT FOR MANUFACTURERS.

COMPOSED OIDRIED BLOOD, BONES, SULPHURIC ACID, PERUVIAN GUANO, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, POTASH AND SODA. Large Silver ledal awarded 1859, by the American Institute of New York—Patented 1859—Perfect uniformity of unlity—Testimonials from hundreds who have used it for years—Does not exhaust the land like tiano, but permanently improves it—One hundred pounds of Nitrogenized Superphosphate of line will equal in effect and lasting power one hundred and eighty-five pounds Peruvian Guano—Powents Bust.

The description of the description of the Peruvian Guano—Provents Rust.

Messra. Fiser & Haskell, Cotton Planters at Newbern, N. C., write, July, 1865, as follows:

"The Phospate of Lime we purchased of you gives good satisfaction. Last year we applied fifty-five (55) tons to three hundred he seventy-five (375) acres of land for cotton, say about (300) three hundred pounds per acre. We rubbed the seed inhe Phosphate, and also sowed it in the drill with the seed at the time of planting. On a portion of the land we applied a top dressing of the Lime at the second heeing. Throughout the season the cotton plants grew well—the leavewers of a dark, healthy color, and "NO BUST" was seen on the plantation. The ravages of the army worm preduced us from realizing the benefit from our outlay for the Lime in full, still the large number of partly grewn bils and forms gave some idea of what the crop would have been could they have matured. Although we sawd a large quantity of manure on the place last year, our confidence in the value of your Phosphate led us to purches of you last spring seventy tons, enc-half of which we used ourselves, and the balance was bought for a frind, whe-was satisfied of its worth in cotton culture. At the time of writing this, our crop is looking finely, and jonnises an abundant yield. One portion of our plantation consists of lighlands with a clay subsoil, running nar the surface; the remainder is flat and inclined to be sandy. The owner of the place tells us that he did not succeed with cotton on this last part; tut owing, as we think, to the liberal use of your Phosphate, we have now a gool crop growing upon it. This is but the second season of cotton growing with us; still, from our experience thusar, we do not hesitate to recommend your Phosphate of Lime as a manure well adapted to the wants of the colon planter."

Professor JJ. Mares—Dear Sir: I bought twenty bags of your Nitrogenized Superphosphate of Lime, of your Agents, Mssrs. H. & N. E. Solomon, Hamburg, S. C. (who solicited a statement of its effects), and applied it to forty acres ofny poorest cotton land.

This land ishn the public road, where its effects were seen. My neighbors, who are acquainted with the land, were astonished the luxuriant growth of the cotton where I used your Superphosphate. It produced better cotton, and a largeiamount, than on my good land; less work was needed in making the cotton than on my other land. Not a paricle of rust was to be seen where I applied your Superphosphate, while the rust provailed over every other poron of the crop.

Respectfully yours.

ry other poron of the crop.

Respectfully yours,

Note.—Mr. payne's good land compares favorably with the best cotton lands on the Saltida River. The Saluda
toms are progratial for producing large quantities of cotton.

COTTON.

Mr. J. J. MATS—Dear Sir: In reply to yours of the 1st inst., I cheerfully state: I have used Mapes' Nitrogenized Superphosphate of Line on my cotton of the present year, and am perfectly satisfied with its yield.

I can recommend it to my neighbors with confidence, as a pure and effective manure, and would give it the preference to any other in the market. Yours, respectfully, THOS. DAVIS.

Mr. Charles W. Mixon, of Edenton, Chowan County, N. C., writes to Mr. Bockover:
In regard to Mapes' Phosphate it worked admirably for me, the product being fully equal if not superior to both the manures before mentioned. It did not start the young plant as early as either the other manures; but it seemed to retain its color and pods much better, and no symptom of rust was ever seen where it was applied—all the land I planted in cotton being about the same quality and strength.

CHARLES W. MIXON.

Extract from a letter from Colonel Gideon Dowse, of Berzelia, near Augusta, Ga., August, 1860:

J. J. Mapes—Dear liv: I have no hesitation in saying that on my own farm your Superphosphate has been, and is now, superior inits effects, where I have applied it on my cotton, to either lot-manure or cotton seed; and, as compared to the land without manure in the same field (in my opinion the only true way to test it), it is as four to one in the number of grown bolls, and as ten to one in the young fruit and forms, in favor of the Superphosphate.

This opinion is femed from a close and critical examination by my overseer and myself. There is one result from its application, thich, if it, had nothing else to recommend it, is of incalculable value, and that is, it does seem to guard againsthat worst enemy of the cotton plant, namely, the rust.

I have applied it a land that invariably rusts cotton, and there is as yet not a sign of rust in it, while the same kind of land just adjoning is completely ruined by it already.

This experiment oneigns that made by Mr. Lomas, of S. C., hast year; and I am fully persuaded that any plant manured with it doe withstand a drought better and keeps green longer than with any other application that has come under my notic. I have seem cotton, corn, okra, melons and other garden plants, that have kept green during the terrible drught that has so completely destroyed all our gardens, and my nutmeg melons are as green and blooming as beaufaulty as in spring.

I have written this as the result of my indement from close observation. When I shall have exclused ments and the property of the superior of my indement from close observation.

during the terrible anugatenat has so compared to the following as beautifully as in spring.

I have written this as the result of my judgment from close observation. When I shall have gathered my crops it will give me pleasus to give you the result from actual weight and measure.

Yours,

GIDEON DOWSE.

Extract from Weely Day-Book:

Extract from Welly Day-Book:

"We have, in theourse of an extensive agricultural correspondence, gainered evidence of the superior value of Mapes' Nitrogenizil Superphosphate of Lime upon the cotton fields of the South, where Peruvian Guano had been used with partit success. The bolls have been haveier, and of greater number, the yield of cotton per acre has been larger, and whalis also of the greatest consequence, no rust is discovered in cotton fields where this article is applied, to which may be added its peculiar lasting power of fertilization, and its comparative cheapness. These facts have come to usin correspondence from parties who have used other like agents, and who give this by far the highest praise. facts have come to usin correspondence from particles and particles and of careful search for the results of the strive at the conclusion, after considerable experiment ourselves, and of careful search for the results of the triels of chers, that Mapes' Fertilizer has more of the property needed in ageneral manure, in horticulture and agriculture than any thing else of the kind we are acquainted with."

J. J. MAPS, Esq., New York—Dear Sir: I bought four tons of your Superphosphate of Lime for my cotton crop, also somiguano, and have tried them side by side on the same quality of land. Not a particle of rust was to be seen wherefour Superphosphate was used; and I also applied stable manure on a portion of my land. The cotton had thrust when the latter was used. The yield of cotton was splendid when the Superphosphate was I applied to extraordinary dry year. When I applied the other manure the yield was not good.

I applied to Superphosphate at the rate of 100 lbs. per acre, and believe it would have paid better if I had put more per acre.

I sold myotton in Hamburg yesterday at 1/20, per pound over the usual market price. The lint was considered very stredg and heavy. I consider yours a reliable manure.

Yours, truly,

Among the manure of this restriction.

Among the many patrons of this manure are the following gentlemen, who have testified in the highest terms

Among the many patrons of this manure are the ionowing general, who will be considered in the value:

Dr. N. Crivford, Columbia Co., Ga.; W. H. T. Walker, U. S. A., Mobly Pond, Ga.; L. Berckmans, Augusta, Ga.; J. P. Erwn, Big Lake Plantation; Carlisle P. B. Martin, Macon, Ga.; K. M. Pendleton, Sparta, Ga.; Colonel Goodwin, Colimbia, S. C.; and many others in all the Southern States, Mose names can be found in a pamphlet published by HARLES V. MAPES, General Agent for the Manufacturer, No. 184 Water-street, New York.

APPrice 60 per ton (2000 pounds); in barrels.

Liberal disounts allowed, and Circular, etc., with name and business address, furnished gratis to responsible bounds agents.

houses actingle agents.

BONE DET, GUANO, etc., furnished by cargo or by the ton. Orders for the Superphosphate of Lime will be received by

A COMPLETE TABLE OF STAMP DUTIES,

AS APPROVED JUNE 20, 1864.

United States:

If drawn singly or in duplicate, same as Inland Bills of Exchange,

If drawn in sets or three or more, every bill of each set, for every \$100, or the equivalent thereof, in any foreign currency in which the bill is expressed.

BILL OF LADING, or RECEIPT (other than charter party), for any goods, &c., exported to a foreign port (except to British North America).

BOND OF INDEMNITY, every \$1000, or part BOND, for the execution of the duties of any

office. 1.00

BOND, other than required in legal proceedings, or
used in connection with mortgage deeds, and
not otherwise charged. 25

CENTIFICATE OF STOCK, in incorporated com-

more.
CERTIFICATE OF DAMAGE, or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or person acting as such

August 17

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS AND HATS.

BAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

BOCTS, SHOES, TRUNKS AND HATS,

BY SEVERALOF THE MOST PROMINENT MANUFACTORIES AT THE NORTH, AND NOW

LOCATED AT

NO. 138 Meeting-street,

I fifer this choice stock of Goods for sale by the

PACKAGE ONLY.

THE TRADE WILL PLEASE NOTICE

EDWARD DALY, Agent.

August 17

FEBTILIZER FOR COTTON, ETC.

MAPES?

NITROGENIZED SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME,

FOR COTTON, TOBACCO, WHEAT, CORN, &c.

COMPOSED OIDRIED BLOOD, BONES, BULLPHURIO ACID, PERBYLVAN GUAND, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, MITTERS, for susting values, or open subsequence, in the real of the contract of insurance in myrting, or a downledgment thereof, by attending witness, requires no stamp, only over 1500 and not over 250 tons.

CONTENAT, Broker's note, or memorandum 10.00

CONTENAT, Broker's note, or memorandum

annum. Every additional \$200, or part thereof, 50 cents niore.

MANIFEST, for custom house entry or clearance of vessel's cargo for foreign port (except to British North America), tonnage not over 300 tons... 1.00 Over 300 and not over 600 tons... 5.00 Over 500 tons... 5.00

Over 300 and not over 600 tons. 5.00
Over 600 tons. 5.00
MEASURER'S RETURNS, if for not over 1000
bushels 10
Over 1000 bushels 25
MORTGAGE (or assignment, &c., of same), Trust
Deed, or Personal Bond, for the payment of
money, over \$100 and not over \$500. 50
Every additional \$500, or part thereof, 50 cents
more. TRUST DEED conveying estate to uses, to be

Every additional \$1000, or part thereof, 50 cents more.

More State Stat

more.

For any goods, &c., not otherwise provided for, held on storage in any public or private warehouse or yard.

WEIGHER'S RETURNS, for weight not over 5000

Over 5000 pounds.

LEGAL DOCUMENTS, Writer other original process (except those commenced by the United States, or any State), for beginning suits in any Court of Record (or Court not of Record if amount claimed is \$100 or over); or an Appeal from Courts of inferior jurisdiction to a Court of Record.

Upon every confession of judgment, or cognovit, for \$100 or over (except where tax for Writ in beginning of suit has been paid).

Warrant of distress, amount of rent claimed, not over \$100.

Over \$100.

Affidavits in suits or legal procedings, exempt.
PROPRITARY Medicines, Perfumery, Cosmetics, Preparations, &c., cach package retailed at not over 25 cents and not over 50 cents.

Over 50 cents and not over 50 cents.

Over 50 cents and not over \$1 cents.

Every additional 50 cents, or part thereof, 2 cents more
FRICTION MATCHES, or lucifer matches, or

FYETY AUDITIONAL SO COMES, OF PART EMERCO, A COMMON MATCHES, Or lucifer matches, or other articles made in part of wood, and used for like purposes, each package of 160 matches or part thereof.

OR SEGAR LIGHTS, and wax tapers, double the rates

imposed on matches PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, DAGUERREO-

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, DAGUERREOTYPES, &c., on each picture, retail price not
over 25 cents.

Over 25 cents and not over \$0 cents.

Over 50 cents and not over \$1.

Every additional \$1, or part thereof, 5 cents more
(Photographs, or any sun picture, being copies
of engravings or works of art, or used for the
illustration of books, and on photographs so
small in size that stamps cannot be affixed,
pay an ad valorem duty.)

PLAYING CARDS, price not over 18 cents each
pack.

An The indiscriminate use of all kinds of stamps (except postage or proprietary,) is permitted, care being taken to affix a stamp or stamps of the proper amount. Documents made in any foreign country, to be used in the United States, shall pay the same duty as when

made here.

Powers of Attorney, or other papers relating to applications for bounties, arrearages of pay, or pensions; require no stamp; neither do indorsement of negotiable instrument, nor any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note when such bond or note shall be scenared by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required, provided the stamp duty placed thereon is the highest rate required for said instrument, or either of them.

All willful neglect to comply with the conditions of these Stamp Duties will be punished as the law directs.